

This week in techniques

Approach	Summary	Licensing status	Publication and contact information
Disease models			
<p>Mouse model for <i>collagen type VI α3 (COL6A3)</i>-related muscular dystrophies</p>	<p>A mouse model for <i>COL6A3</i>-related muscular dystrophies could help identify new treatments. In mice, a <i>Col6a3</i> mutation that caused low expression of a nonfunctional collagen chain variant resulted in collagen VI microfibril deficiency, and led to decreased muscle mass and contractions compared with what was seen in wild-type mice. In the mouse model, the collagen VI pathology was specific to tendons. Next steps include identifying signaling pathways altered in the mutant mice.</p> <p>SciBX 6(16); doi:10.1038/scibx.2013.396 Published online April 25, 2013</p>	<p>Findings unpatented; frozen sperm and breeding pairs of the mutant mice available for licensing</p>	<p>Pan, T.-C. <i>et al. J. Biol. Chem.</i>; published online April 5, 2013; doi:10.1074/jbc.M112.433078 Contact: Mon-Li Chu, Thomas Jefferson University, Philadelphia, Pa. e-mail: mon-li.chu@jefferson.edu</p>