

MECHANISM FOR ENRICHING THE INFORMATION AND LIBRARY FUND

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Annotation: This article highlights the essence, main directions, and mechanisms of the process of enriching the information and library fund. It also analyzes the issues of forming library collections based on modern technologies, studying user needs in replenishing them, and systematically developing information resources.

Keywords: Information resource, library fund, digital information, enrichment mechanism, electronic library, information system.

Introduction

Today, as digital technologies develop rapidly, information and library activities are reaching a new stage. Enriching library funds is not only the process of acquiring new literature but also includes effectively managing information resources, selecting information sources according to user demands, and preserving them in a systematic manner.

Main Part

Library fund enrichment is the process of regularly replenishing, updating, and maintaining the relevance of information resources. This process is based on the library's purpose, specialization, user groups, and available material capacities¹.

Sources of Library Fund Enrichment include:

- Direct purchases from publishers;
- Inter-institutional, exchange;
- Donations;
- Use of electronic and digital information databases;
- Inclusion of open-access electronic resources.

Modern Approaches to Enrichment Mechanisms

Currently, the following mechanisms are of great importance in enriching library funds:

- Digitization process: Converting existing printed sources into electronic form to expand preservation and accessibility².
- Integration with electronic library systems: Connecting to national and international information databases for resource exchange.
- User-demand-based selection: Acquiring relevant literature by analyzing the informational needs of users.
- Automated management systems: Monitoring library fund circulation and planning based on statistical analysis.

¹ O'zbekiston Respublikasi Prezidenti Sh. Mirziyoyevning ma'naviy-ma'rifiy ishlar tizimini tubdan takomillashtirish, bu borada davlat va jamoat tashkilotlarining hamkorligini kuchaytirish masalalari bo'yicha videosektorda so'zlagan nutqidan. 19.01.2021

- Formation of digital resources: Electronic books, digital archives, databases of scientific articles, multimedia materials, and online educational resources constitute a new component of the library fund.

Concept of Information-Library System

An information-library is a social institution that serves to meet society's informational needs by collecting, preserving, systematizing, and providing various sources, documents, and data to users. The information-library system consists of a complex of libraries, information centers, archives, databases, and digital libraries with the main goal of delivering necessary information to users quickly, accurately, and reliably.

Main Directions of Information-Library Activities

1. Collecting and accumulating information – gathering data from various sources (books, articles, electronic resources, etc.).
2. Systematization and cataloging – organizing data by subjects, authors, formats, and types.
3. Preservation and protection – ensuring the long-term storage of information sources.
4. Dissemination of information – providing users with necessary data (in electronic or printed form).
5. Digitization – converting library funds into electronic form and providing online access.

Role of Information-Library Systems in Society

The information-library system provides the necessary information infrastructure for science, education, culture, and innovative development. It serves as an important tool for people to acquire knowledge, engage in self-development, and exchange information. The information-library is not merely a place where books are stored but a modern knowledge center based on information technologies, serving as an intellectual resource essential for the information society.

Information Fund

An information fund is a collection of systematically organized information resources accumulated in information-library institutions, serving to meet users' needs for knowledge and information. It is a set of various documents, data, and resources gathered by a library, information center, archive, or research institution. It enables users to find, study, and apply necessary information in practice.

Composition of the Information Fund

Printed sources – books, journals, newspapers, dissertations, lecture notes, etc³.

Electronic sources – e-books, databases, online articles, digital archives.

Audiovisual sources – video materials, audio recordings, multimedia files.

Normative and legal documents – laws, decrees, resolutions, standards.. Statistical and scientific data – research results, reports, reference materials.

³S.H.Nosirxo'jayev, M.F.Lafasov —Ma'naviyat asoslari

Main Functions of the Information Fund

- Collecting and preserving information resources;
- Systematizing and cataloging data;
- Providing users with prompt and reliable information;
- Continuously updating the fund with new literature and electronic resources.

Importance of the Information Fund

The information fund is the heart of library activity, enabling users to access necessary information for scientific, educational, cultural, and practical purposes. The richness and quality of the fund determine the efficiency of the library or information center. The information fund is a system that integrates the knowledge resources of society, allowing people to increase their intellectual potential, conduct scientific research, and enrich the educational process.

Conclusion:

Enriching the information-library fund is a continuous and systematic process that forms an essential part of the information infrastructure. Implementing modern technologies in fund development, considering user needs, and integrating national information resources enhance library efficiency. As a result, the information-library system becomes an integral part of scientific, educational, and cultural development.

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