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BOOK REVIEW

PREVENTING HUMAN TRAFFICKING:
BETWEEN FACTS AND PROBLEMS, A
BOOK REVIEW “*PENCEGAHAN TINDAK
PIDANA PERDAGANGAN ORANG*” BY
LIBBY SINLAELOE & PAUL SINLAELOE,
LIBBY SINLAELOE AND PAUL SINLAELOE,
RUMAH PEREMPUAN, 2017, 50 PAGES,
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ABSTRACT

The author begins their writing by describing the article on Prevention of Criminal Trafficking in Persons (TPPO) which is a joint obligation between the Government, Regional Government, the

community, and the family. That is the mandate in Article 57 paragraph (1) of the Act of the Republic of Indonesia Number 21 of 2007, concerning Eradication of Criminal Acts of Trafficking in Persons (UUPTPO). This book consists of 3 parts, namely: Understanding the Criminal Acts of Trafficking in Persons, Prevention of Trafficking in Persons Act Version of Law Number 21 of 2007, Prevention of Community-Based Trafficking in Persons.

Keywords: Human Rights, Human Trafficking



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THE AUTHOR begins their writing by describing the article on Prevention of Criminal Trafficking in Persons (TPPO) which is a joint obligation between the Government, Regional Government, the community, and the family. That is the mandate in Article 57 paragraph (1) of the Act of the Republic of Indonesia Number 21 of 2007, concerning Eradication of Criminal Acts of Trafficking in Persons (UUPTPO).

Legally the prevention of TPPO is the responsibility of the State. Therefore, for the purpose of preventing TPPO, the government is obliged to open the widest possible access to the participation of the community, both national and international in accordance with the provisions of applicable laws and regulations, and international customs (Article 61 UUPTPO).

This book consists of 3 parts, namely: Understanding the Criminal Acts of Trafficking in Persons, Prevention of Trafficking in Persons Act Version of Law Number 21 of 2007, Prevention of Community-Based Trafficking in Persons. Trafficking is an act of recruiting, sending, transferring, or accepting someone with the threat of violence, the use of violence, kidnapping, confinement, fraud, whether carried out within the

country or between countries, for the purpose of exploitation or to cause people to be exploited. Criminal Trafficking in Persons (TPPO) is any act or series of actions that meet the elements of a criminal act determined in UUPTPPO. Perpetrator in the context of UUPTPPO can be understood as parties or legal subjects that carry out TPPO. Included in the TPPO perpetrator are individuals, organized groups, corporations, and state administrators. TPPO can threaten anyone, both men and women, adults or children (not yet 18 years old, including children who are still in the womb). TPPO victims based on Article 1 number 3 UUPTPPO, are understood as someone who suffered psychological, mental, physical, sexual, economic, and / or social suffering, caused by TPPO. According to the authors, there are several factors that cause trafficking in persons. These factors are divided into main factors and supporting factors, including:

A. Main Factors:

1. Economic Factors. The high rate of poverty, unemployment and debt bondage, and limited employment.
2. Educational Factors. The lack of education has made some people easily trapped in every action related to the practice of trafficking in persons, both in their capacity as perpetrators and victims.
3. Legal Factors. Inadequate awareness and understanding of the law regarding UUPTPPO, whether in the executive, legislative, judicial branches, or at the level of the general public.

B. Supporting Factors:

1. The increasing demand for labor from Indonesia in the international market, while the skills of its human resources have not been well prepared in accordance with market share.
2. The attraction of working abroad is so big with various dreams, can live comfortably and comfortably in a foreign country, get a big salary, etc.

In the UUPTPPO, there are 3 types of sanctions that can be imposed on TPPO actors, namely the main criminal sanctions (imprisonment and fines), additional criminal sanctions, and substitute criminal sanctions (in the form of confinement).

The steps that must be taken by the government to prevent TPPO, according to the author, are that the government must provide a funding

budget to conduct TPPO counseling and prevention. In addition to holding counseling, the government should also form an organization whose task is to prevent the occurrence of TPPOs and monitor the community in the event of a TPPO. The government should also carry out international cooperation, which can be done in the form of mutual assistance agreements or other cooperation in accordance with statutory provisions.

TPPO prevention with a community-based approach must be an organized and institutionalized movement. At the implementation level, prevention of TPPO with a community-based approach must hold fast to the principles, namely independence, impartiality, synergy, participation, transparency, accountability, and equality.

According to the author, there are several activities that can be carried out by the community in the context of TPPO prevention, including conducting legal counseling related to eradicating TPPO involving the Police and / or State Prosecutors Office, increasing community participation and strengthening institutions about protecting TPPO victims, conducting skills training for candidate's immigrant workers about financial management to be able to manage finances appropriately, and so on.

In my opinion, this book is easy to understand because it uses language that is easily understood by the reader even though the reader is a layman of the law, especially the crime of trafficking in persons (TPPO). Even though this book is written in a language that is easy to understand, there are still some parts that are a little difficult to understand, such as the purpose of the TPPO prevention. In this section, it is not explained clearly about the purpose of TPPO prevention which can make the reader feel a little confused.

But overall this book is easy to understand the contents and intentions of the author. This book is also interesting because the cover of this book has pictures and colors that attract the eyes of readers to read this book and because in it there are illustrated pictures that outline what TPPO is about.

Another advantage of this book is that the number of pages is small, but the contents conveyed, making people interested to read it. Because the number of pages of a book also determines interest in reading from people towards the book. In addition to the small number of pages, this book also has a size that is neither too large nor too small, so that the writing in the book can be read comfortably by the reader.

For the shortcomings of this book, in my opinion lies in some parts that are quite confusing, because it is not explained in detail by the author. In addition, in the illustrated drawings, the language used by the writer is a regional language, which can confuse readers who are not from the area. The weakness of this book also lies in the difficulty to get this book, both offline and online stores. So, it is quite difficult for readers who want to read this book because the hard to found this book. It is possible that this happened because the distribution of this book was not in all regions, because people's interest in the book on TPPO was still quite low compared to other books, such as novels, comics, and so on.

DATA of BOOK

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