# Durable Efficacy of Certolizumab Pegol Dosed at 400 mg Every Two Weeks Over 128 Weeks in Patients with Plaque Psoriasis Enrolled in Three Phase 3 Trials (CIMPASI-1, CIMPASI-2, and CIMPACT)

K. Gordon,<sup>1</sup> R.B. Warren,<sup>2</sup> A.B. Gottlieb,<sup>3</sup> A. Blauvelt,<sup>4</sup> D. Thaçi,<sup>5</sup> Y. Poulin,<sup>6</sup> M. Boehnlein,<sup>7</sup> F. Brock,<sup>8</sup> C. Arendt,<sup>9</sup> K. Reich<sup>10</sup>

Presented at Fall Clinical Dermatology Conference 2020 | October 29–November 1 | Las Vegas, NV

# Objectives

To assess the long-term efficacy of CZP dosed at 400 mg every two weeks (Q2W), in addition to the durability of response in patients who achieve PASI 75 after an initial 16 weeks of treatment.

# Background

- Plaque psoriasis (PSO) is an immune-mediated, inflammatory disease that affects around 2–4% of the population in Western countries.<sup>1</sup>
- Certolizumab pegol (CZP) is a unique Fc-free, PEGylated, anti-tumor necrosis factor approved by the FDA and EMA for the treatment of moderate to severe PSO.<sup>2,3</sup>
- In phase 3 trials, patients with moderate to severe PSO have demonstrated a durable response to CZP over one year (48 weeks) of double-blinded treatment.<sup>4,5</sup>
- Here, we report the long-term clinical responses for patients with PSO who received open-label treatment with CZP dosed at 400 mg every two weeks (Q2W) for up to 128 weeks.

## Methods

### Study Design

- Data were pooled from three phase 3 trials in adults with PSO: CIMPASI-1 (NCT02326298), CIMPASI-2 (NCT02326272), and CIMPACT (NCT02346240). Full study designs have been reported previously.<sup>4,5</sup>
- At Week 0, patients were randomized to receive CZP 200 mg Q2W (400 mg loading dose at Weeks 0/2/4), CZP 400 mg Q2W, etanercept (CIMPACT only), or placebo.
- Patients included in this analysis:
- Were randomized to placebo at Week 0
- Failed to achieve a 50% improvement from baseline in Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI 50) at Week 16
- Entered the open-label escape arm where they received CZP 400 mg Q2W for up to 128 weeks (Figure 1)
- Dosing adjustment was permitted from Week 48 of the study based on PASI response and the investigator's discretion.
- Patients who did not achieve PASI 50 at any visit after receiving unblinded CZP 400 mg Q2W for 16 weeks were withdrawn from the study.

### **Patients**

 Patient inclusion and exclusion criteria have been reported previously.<sup>4,5</sup>

# Synopsis

Patients with moderate to severe plaque psoriasis were treated with certolizumab pegol dosed at 400 mg every two weeks for up to 128 weeks. Patients demonstrated a rapid response in the first 16 weeks of treatment, with a high proportion achieving PASI 75, PASI 90, DLQI 0/1, and PGA 0/1 responses, which were durable to Week 128 of treatment.

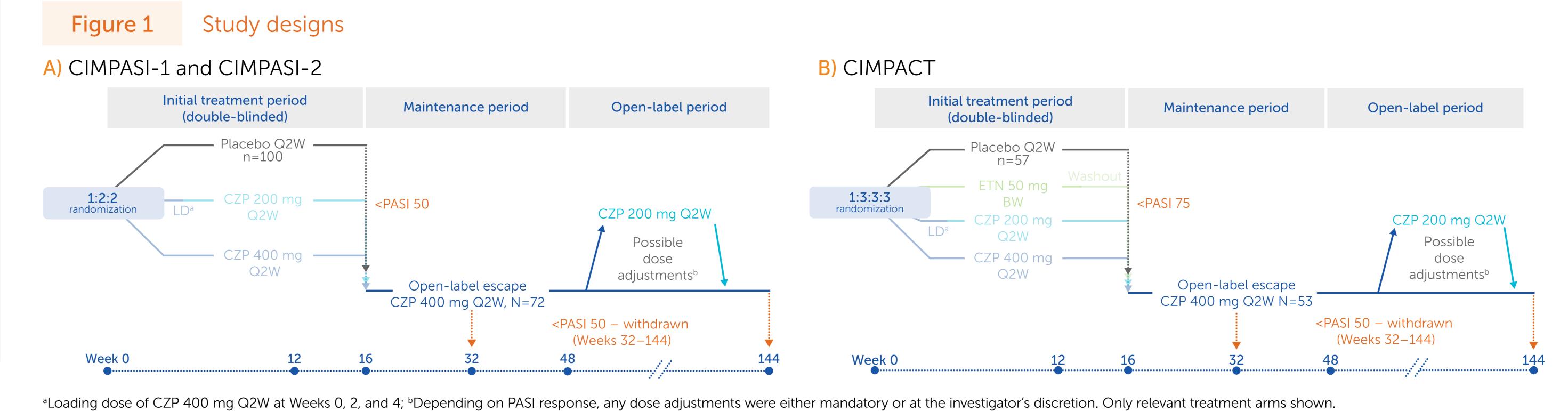


<sup>a</sup>Presence of concurrent PsA was self-reported.

Previously presented at AAD 2020

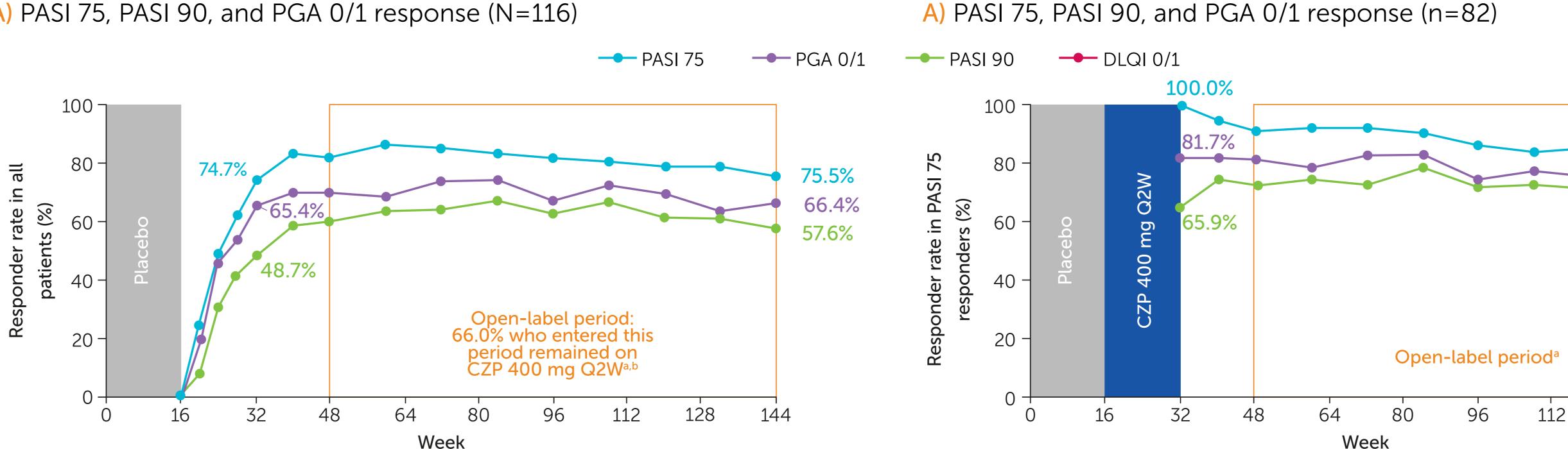
Demographics and baseline characteristics of included patients

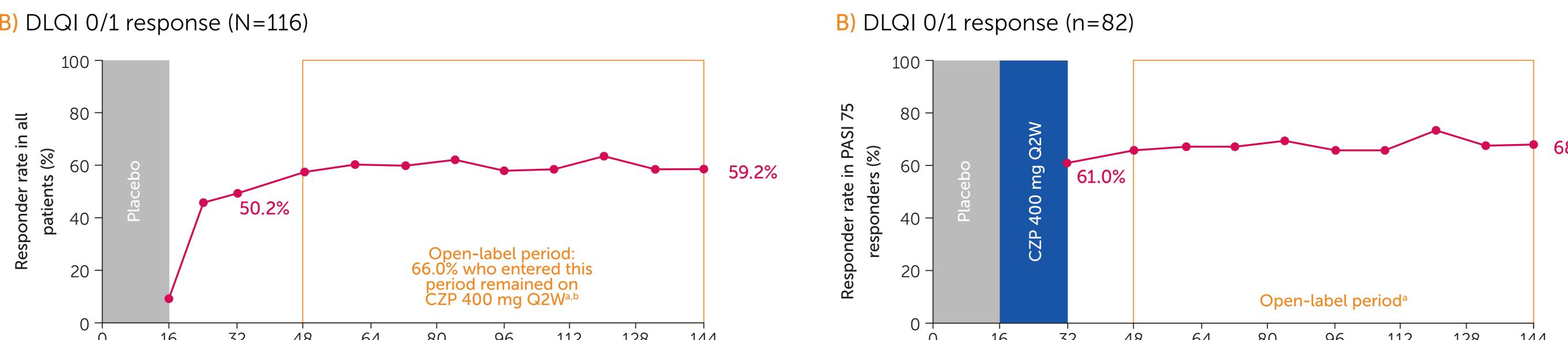
	Placebo $\rightarrow$ CZP 400 mg Q2W (N=116)
Age (years), mean <u>+</u> SD	46.4 ± 12.6
Male, n (%)	76 (65.5)
Caucasian, n (%)	108 (93.1)
Weight (kg), mean ± SD	94.0 ± 26.1
Duration of PSO (years), mean $\pm$ SD	17.7 ± 12.1
Concomitant PsA, <sup>a</sup> n (%)	19 (16.4)
PASI, mean ± SD	$18.8 \pm 6.7$
BSA (%), mean ± SD	23.2 ± 13.9
PGA score, n (%)	
3: moderate	81 (69.8)
4: severe	35 (30.2)
DLQI total score, mean ± SD	12.9 ± 7.4
Any prior systemic therapy use for PSO, n (%)	87 (75.0)
Prior biologic use, n (%)	33 (28.4)
anti-TNF	19 (16.4)
anti-IL-17	12 (10.3)
anti-IL-12/IL-23	6 (5.2)



Response over 128 weeks of treatment with CZP 400 mg Q2W

Maintenance of response in patients who achieved PASI 75 following 16 weeks of treatment with CZP 400 mg Q2W





Patients who were mandatorily withdrawn from Week 32 onwards were treated as non-responders at subsequent timepoints. Other missing data were imputed using MCMC methodology and responder rates reflect the simple average response and include patients who did and did not dose adjust during the open-label period. Depending on PASI response, dose reductions to CZP 200 mg Q2W were permitted at the discretion of the investigator; 64 of the 97 patients (66.0%) who completed the trial to Week 48 and continued into the open-label period remained on CZP 400 mg Q2W for the remainder of the trial.

BSA: body surface area; BW: bi-weekly; CZP: certolizumab pegol; DLQI 0/1: Dermatology Life Quality Index of 0 or 1, no effect of disease on quality of life; ETN: etanercept; IL: interleukin; MCMC: Markov Chain Monte Carlo; LD: loading dose; PASI: Psoriasis Area Severity Index; PASI 50/75/90: 50%/75%/90% improvement from baseline in PASI; PGA 0/1: Physician's Global Assessment score of 0 or 1 ("clear" or "almost clear") with  $\geq$ 2-point improvement from baseline; PsA: psoriatic arthritis; PSO: plaque psoriasis; Q2W: every two weeks; SD: standard deviation; TNF: tumor necrosis factor.

Institutions: <sup>1</sup>Department of Dermatology, Medical College of Wisconsin, Milwaukee, WI, USA; <sup>2</sup>Dermatology Centre, Salford Royal NHS Foundation Trust, Manchester, UK; <sup>3</sup>Department of Dermatology, Icahn School of Medicine at Mount Sinai, New York, NY, USA; <sup>4</sup>Oregon Medical Research Centre, Portland, OR, USA; <sup>5</sup>Institute and Comprehensive Center for Inflammation Medicine, University of Lübeck, Lübeck, Germany; <sup>6</sup>Centre de Recherche Dermatologique du Québec, Canada; <sup>7</sup>UCB Pharma, Brussels, Belgium; <sup>10</sup>Centre for Translational Research in Inflammatory Skin Diseases, Institute for Health Services Research in Dermatology and Nursing, University Medical Center Hamburg, Germany.

References: Parisi R. J Invest Dermatol 2013;133:377-85; \*Certolizumab Pegol Prescribing Information. Available at http://www.accessdata fda.gov; \*Sectolizumab Pegol Summary of Product Characteristics. Available at http://www.ena.europa.eu/ema; \*Gottlieb R. JAAD 2018;79:302-14; \*Lebwohl N. Jaan 2018; \*Lebwohl N. Jaan 2018;

# Statistical Analysis

- Proportions of patients who achieved a 75% or 90% improvement from baseline in PASI (PASI 75 or PASI 90), a Physician's Global Assessment score of 0 or 1 (PGA 0/1), Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) 0/1 through 128 weeks of treatment with CZP 400 mg Q2W (Weeks 16–144 of the study) are reported.
- Responder rates in the subset of patients who achieved a PASI 75 response following 16 weeks of treatment with CZP 400 mg Q2W in the escape arm are also reported.
- Estimates of responder rate were based on the simple average response. Patients mandatorily withdrawn from the study were treated as non-responders at subsequent timepoints; all other missing data were imputed using Markov Chain Monte Carlo (MCMC) methodology.

### Results

### Patient Population and Baseline Characteristics

• 116 patients did not achieve PASI 50 after 16 weeks of placebo treatment and entered the open-label CZP 400 mg Q2W escape arm. Baseline demographics of these patients are shown in Table 1.

### Response to CZP Treatment

- Patients demonstrated a rapid response during the first 16 weeks of CZP 400 mg Q2W treatment; 74.7% of patients achieved PASI 75 at Week 32, 48.7% achieved PASI 90, and 65.4% achieved PGA 0/1 (Figure 2A).
- Initial responder rates were sustained to Week 144 (Figure 2A).
- Similar trends were observed for DLQI 0/1 (Figure 2B).

### Maintenance of Response

- Of the 82 patients who achieved PASI 75 after 16 weeks of CZP 400 mg Q2W treatment (Week 32):
- The majority (82.4%) maintained PASI 75 over a further 112 weeks of treatment (Figure 3A)
- 65.9% also achieved PASI 90 at Week 32, and this value was maintained to 64.4% at Week 144 (Figure 3A)
- 61.0% also reported DLQI 0/1 at Week 32, which increased to 68.0% at Week 144 (Figure 3B)

# Conclusions

CZP dosed at 400 mg Q2W offers a durable, long-term treatment option for patients with moderate to severe PSO.